


Name \_\_\_\_\_



# Homework & Practice 2-3


## Near Doubles

**Another Look!** You can use doubles to add near doubles.



$2 + 2 = 4$        $2 + 3 = 5$

If  $2 + 2 = 4$ , then  $2 + 3$   
is 1 more.  
 $2 + 3 = 5$



$3 + 3 = 6$        $3 + 4 = 7$

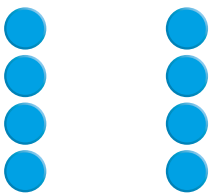
If  $3 + 3 = 6$ , then  $3 + 4$  is 1 more.  
 $3 + 4 = 7$

**HOME ACTIVITY** Play a game with small objects, like pennies. First, use the pennies to represent numbers that are doubles. Ask your child to add the set of doubles. Then add another penny and ask your child to add the set of near doubles.

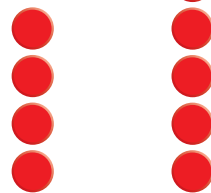


Add the doubles. Then add the near doubles.

1.



\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

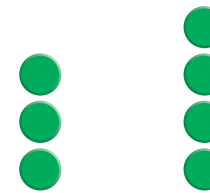


\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

2.



\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_



\_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_ = \_\_\_\_\_

Find the number to complete each near doubles fact.

3. **Algebra**

$$3 + \underline{\quad} = 7$$

4. **Algebra**

$$9 = 4 + \underline{\quad}$$

5. **Algebra**

$$1 + \underline{\quad} = 4$$

Write an addition equation to solve each problem.

6. Sandy plays 3 games. Bill plays 3 games and then 1 more. How many games did Sandy and Bill play in all?

$$\underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad}$$

Sandy and Bill played  $\underline{\quad}$  games.

7. Nina drinks 2 cups of water. Karen drinks 4 cups of water. How many cups did they drink in all?

$$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Nina and Karen drank  $\underline{\quad}$  cups.

8. **Higher Order Thinking** Use each card once to write addition equations using doubles and near doubles.



$$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

9. **Assessment** Which doubles fact can help you solve  $4 + 5 = ?$

(A)  $1 + 1 = 2$

(B)  $2 + 2 = 4$

(C)  $3 + 3 = 6$

(D)  $4 + 4 = 8$